# Paris Session 2022



# Improvement of PV Generation Forecast Utilizing Satellite Imagery Estimation and Smart Meter Data

SC6 and Question 2.10 Yuki Kawachi, Japan

## Kansai Transmission and Distribution

Group Discussion Meeting

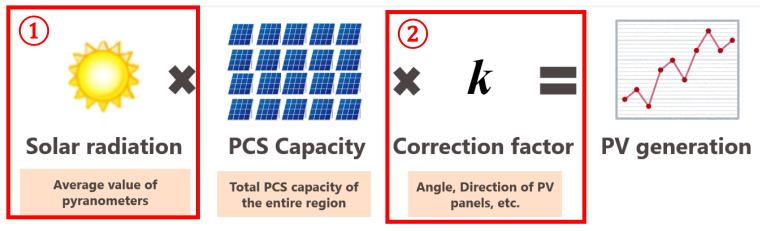
© CIGRE 2022

© CIGRE 2021

## Background

#### **Problems**

Previous method of PV generation forecast



- Increasing forecast errors due to large installations of PV panels
- Negative effects on supply and demand adjustment operations

### **Solutions**

1 Solar radiation forecast utilizing satellite imagery estimation 2 Forecast correction by utilizing smart meter data

#### Soluition #1 - Solar radiation forecast utilizing satellite imagery estimation-

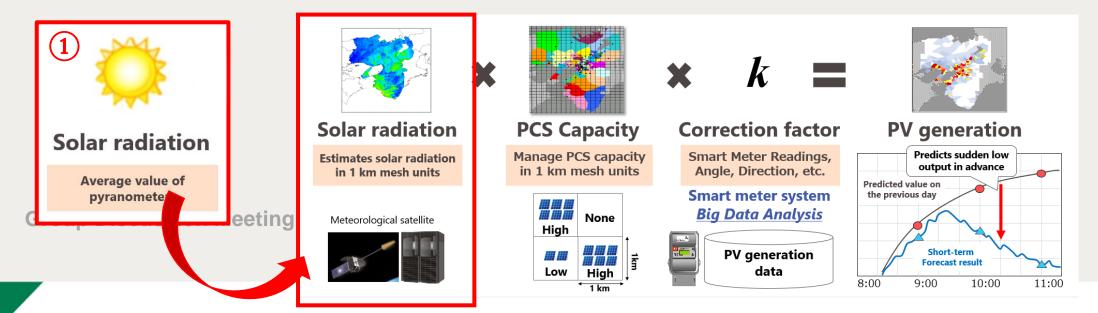
#### Previous estimation

- Public forecast data (weather maps or pyranometers)
- Lower resolution (entire the region as a whole)

## ■Satellite imagery estimation

- Meteorological satellite images
- Higher resolution (1km mesh units)

#### $\rightarrow$ More accurate forecast of solar radiation of each point in our area was obtained.

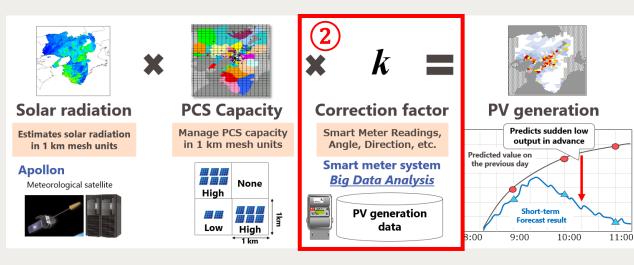


#### Soluition #2 - Forecast correction by utilizing smart meter data -

### Previous correction

- Geographical factors (e.g. angle and orientation of PV panels)
- Utilizing smart meter data
  - Actual PV generation vs calculated PV generation
  - Analyze the differences and feedback to the calculation

#### $\rightarrow$ Calculation errors were reduced.





#### WITHOUT feedback of SM data Generated Power (kW) 250 200 150 100 2021/7/16 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/22 2021/7/22 2021/7/17 2021/7/17 2021/7/17 2021/7/22 2021/7/23 2021/7/23 021/7/16 2021/7/16 2021/7/22 2021/7/23 WITH feedback of SM data Generated Power (kW) 250 200 150 100 50 2021/7/16 2021/7/16 2021/7/16 2021/7/17 2021/7/17 2021/7/17 2021/7/17 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/20 2021/7/22 2021/7/23 2021/7/16 2021/7/22 2021/7/22 2021/7/22 2021/7/23 2021/7/23 2021/7/23 Actual Calculated