





# **Study Committee A3**

Transmission and Distribution Equipment

Paper 10136\_2022

# Design considerations for implementing SF<sub>6</sub> alternatives for distribution switchgear applications with focus on toxicity and load break performance

Andrés Laso<sup>1</sup>, Mattewos Tefferi<sup>1</sup>, Sebastian Glomb<sup>2</sup>, Martin Göppel<sup>2</sup>, Nenad UZELAC<sup>1</sup>, René SMEETS<sup>3</sup>; <sup>1</sup>G&W Electric, <sup>2</sup>DILO Armaturen und Anlagen GmbH, <sup>3</sup>KEMA labs

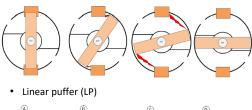
#### Motivation

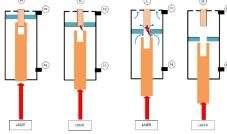
- Environmental regulations and self-imposed goals.
- U.S. MV switchgear lacks research on gas alternatives.
- Requirements:
  - Same footprint as SF6
  - o Design flexibility of busbar (custom design)
  - Pressure below 2bar absolute
  - Visual break
  - Service temperature +60C/-30C

#### **Experimental approach**

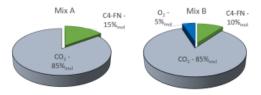
#### **Current breaking technologies**

Rotary switch (RS)





#### Mixtures evaluated at 1.7bar absolute



- Based on dielectric performance and liquification temp., two mixtures were investigated.
- Addition of  $\mathrm{O}_2$  to investigate toxicity and soot formation.
- Gas analysis after switching was performed by GC/MS and FT-IR.

#### Takeaways

- Linear puffer and rotary puffer C4-FN/CO<sub>2</sub> mixture are feasible for same filling pressure as for SF6.
- Linear puffer and rotary puffer load breaker require redesign to match SF6 performance.
- Decomposition of C4-FN from switching duty doesn't compromise life expectance.
- Toxicity increases with arcing, remining low (ATE>20,000, cat.5).

#### Application

• Vault, underground and padmount, with diverse shapes and exposed to ambient climate.





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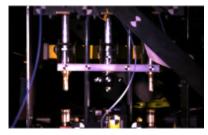
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#### Advanced data acquisition systems and sensing

- High speed video recording
- Laser speed measurement
- · Pressure measurement with optic technology



#### **Test results**

#### Linear puffer switching performance

Load break

- Arcing time similar than for SF6 for  $\leq 27$ kV
- Longer arcing time for 38kV/630A
- 15% vs 10% C4 has little effect on performance
- IS% VS 10% C4 has little effect on performance
   Load breaker clears 100% shots
- Cable charging
- Restrikes occur 27kV/20A and 38kV/25A
- 15% performs better than 10%
- Load breaker clears 100% shots

In. C4-FN

[% <sub>mol</sub>]

15

10

15

10

LP

RS



#### Rotary switch switching performance

#### Load break

- Longer arcing time than SF6 for 10% and 15% for 17.5kV/200A.
- Erosion/ablation on surface of switch enclosure
- Load breaker clears 100% shots

#### Cable charging

- Single and multiple restrikes for 17.5kV/15A
- Load breaker clears 100% shots



#### Gas decomposition and toxicity

Based on the arc energy calculated through testing and using a value of 0.5mol/MJ

 $ATE_{mix}$  was calculated per OSHA Tier 3 after switching sequence per IEEE C37.74. All gas samples analyzed fall under cat. 5 per ISHA/GHS (low-nontoxic).



C4-FN dec.

[%]

2.3

3.6

3.9

5.9

Fol C4-FN

[%<sub>mol</sub>]

14.6

9.64

14.4

9.41

In. C4-FN Initial. Volume Energy After [% <sub>mol</sub>] (ATE<sub>mix</sub>) [m3] [kJ] (ATE<sub>mix</sub>) 49,000 15 58,449 0.4 47 LP 10 76,285 0.4 65 57.000 15 58,449 0.36 63 38.000 RS 10 76,285 0.36 62 40,000

#### Solid deposits and arc-eroded surfaces

- C4-FN creates low amount of soot from load break.
- High temperatures of arc can deteriorate materials.
- Arc ablation can promote electrical breakdown along surfaces.
- O<sub>2</sub> reduces conductivity of arc ablated surfaces.
- Highly sensitive to material selection.



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### Conclusions

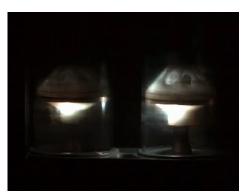
#### Switching performance

## Gas decomposition and toxicity

- C4-FN mixture have similar load break
  performance than SF6.
- Cable charging it's the most challenging sequence due to restrikes.
- Redesign is required to match SF6 performance.
- Arc ablation of polymers can have impacts in dielectric performance.

- Decomposition of C4-FN doesn't compromise dielectric performance of MV switchgear.
- Toxicity after arcing increases but remains low after type test.

#### Linear puffer(LP) 27kV/630A Mix A.



Load break CO 27kV/630A 15%C4/85%CO2 mix



Rotary switch (RS) 17.5kV/200A Mix A.

Load break CO 17kV/215A 10%C4/5%O2/85%CO2 mix



Linear puffer(LP) in switch enclosure

Rotary puffer (RP) in switch enclosure

