





Study Committee C2

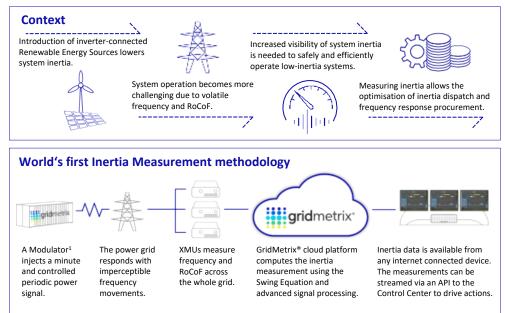
Power System Operation and Control

Paper ID 10200_2022

INERTIA MEASUREMENT IN THE GB POWER SYSTEM USED FOR OPERATIONS AND PLANNING IMPROVEMENTS

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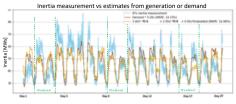


¹Modulator: an asset such as a battery, ultracapacitor or load bank capable of generating a power signal ²XMU: eXtensible Measurement Unit, Reactive Technologies' GPS synchronized accurate measurement unit.

Inertia Measurement - islanded grid

- = 20 consecutivee days of inertia measurement in an islanded grid off the coast of Scotland (\approx 20MW capacity)
- GridMetrix system, 15kW peak-to-peak modulation (from a load-bank) and 5 XMUs.

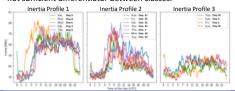
The profile mostly followed that of demand or generation, but in several occasions inertia was higher or lower than the simple estimates based on their profiles.



Three inertia profiles were found:

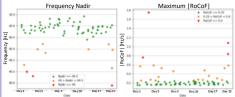
- 1. High inertia throughout the day
- 2. High inertia in the morning, lower in the afternoon
- 3. Low inertia throughout the day

Note that the day of the week or demand level alone are not sufficient differentiator between classes.



Secured Loss calculation - islanded grid

- 73 significant frequency or RoCoF events found.
- Events with RoCoF higher than 0.6 Hz/s were associated with Nadirs of 49 Hz or lower and UFLS action.
- 0.6 Hz/s was choosen as RoCoF limit for the secured loss calculation (i.e. Determining the largest generator loss that the system can sustain without triggering Underfrequency Load Shedding).



- Inertia measurement was utilised to calculate the secured loss in real time and for the events recorded.
- It was found that only half of the time the largest generator could be run at 1 MW and never at 2 MW.

	Nadir Hz	RoCoF Hz/s	Inertia MWs	Event size MW	Secured loss MW	Exceedance
Day 2 07:35	49.00	0.76	65.52	2.00	1.57	127 %
Day 3 13:05	48.92	1.75	35.06	2.46	0.84	293 %
Day 20 05:30	48.76	1.08	40.16	1.74	0.96	181 %

Such incidents can be avoided by **limiting the largest loss**, **increasing inertia** and **procuring more frequency response**. These actions are expensive and hinder the green transition when taken unnecessarily. **Measuring system inertia** removes the guessing game, enabling safe and economically efficient system operation.







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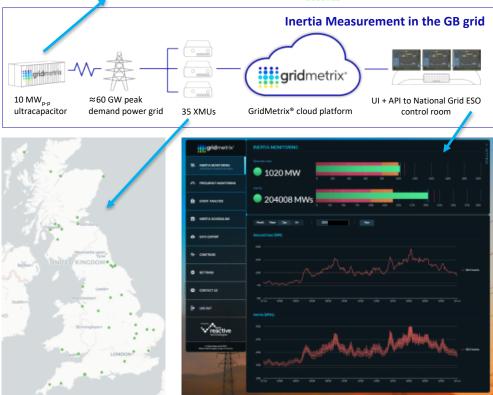
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continued



Container houses ultracapacitor cells and modules, control system, cooling system, fire detection and suppression

Output required: 10MW ptp continuous sine wave or square wave signal every 2 – 10 seconds



Conclusions

- The GridMetrix Inertia Measurement was applied to a small islanded power system. Over the 20-day project, several contingency events were recorded alongside real-time inertia data. This data allowed the computation of the Secured Loss metrics to aid safer system operation and provided data to update and retune the system's simulation models.
- The world's largest grid-scale ultracapacitor has been built in mainland Great Britain to provide National Grid ESO with realtime on-demand inertia measurement. The GridMetrix system went live as of July 2022 and measured inertia data is now available in the operator's control room.