



## C5 Electricity markets and regulation



PS2 - Changes to Markets and Regulation to **Enhance Reliability and Resilience** 

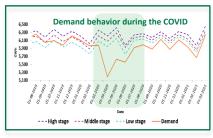
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## CHALLENGES FOR THE COLOMBIAN ELECTRICITY MARKET **DURING COVID-19**

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## Main impacts of COVID on the colombian electricity market





## How was the market prepared to face a crisis?

## **Technological Good practices** infrastructure Cybersecurity Remote access Process virtuality scheme: Telecommuting Virtual banking Reliability-Backup

## Crisis management



- Protection and prevention actions
- bio-security standards
- Displacement
- Lockdown

# Adaptation

- Teleworking
- accesses and remote management

Critical Charges/Backup

## Continuity

- Training
- Retain employees
- Supplier management

## Continuity service of electricity supply



## Follow-up and monitoring:

#### MME, SSPD, CREG, XM

Payment indicators users, financial performance of agents, systemic risk, critical scenarios



#### Regulation:

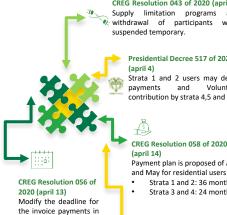
New and temporary regulations for the emergency period, making the regulations of the sector more flexible



## Scenario Analysis:

Impact Analysis, Regulation of tariff, Retailers Income

## Implemented actions by Market **Regulator and National Government**



April and may 2020

CREG Resolution 043 of 2020 (april 4) Supply limitation programs and withdrawal of participants were suspended temporary.

> Presidential Decree 517 of 2020 (april 4)

Strata 1 and 2 users may defer Voluntary payments and contribution by strata 4,5 and 6.

CREG Resolution 058 of 2020 (april 14) Payment plan is proposed of April

Strata 1 and 2: 36 months

Strata 3 and 4: 24 month

CREG Resolution 061 and 107of 2020 (april 17) Retailers that serve regulated users may defer 20% of the payment obligations to 12 months.

http://www.cigre.org





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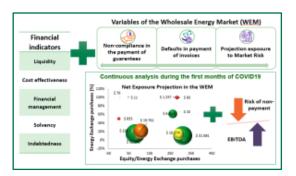
# CHALLENGES FOR THE COLOMBIAN ELECTRICITY MARKET DURING COVID-19

# Model implemented to monitor the market during the crisis

The model allows the market to give early signals regarding possible effects on the market, estimating the possible financial impact of systemic risk and affected demand

## Net Exposure Projection in the Wholesale Energy Market

A Scoring type model is implemented, where the impact of the agent in the market is measured by its exposure to purchases on the energy exchange and the riskiest agents (high default probability) are classified by color with the information of the financial indicators and defaults in the market.

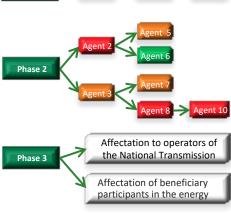


# Company analyzed Company analyzed Company analyzed Company analyzed Company analyzed Company analyzed Phase 1 Non-compliance in payments to contract counterparts Phase 2 Exposure to the energy exchange with non-payment Phase 3 Total potencial debt [\$\$\$] Total affected demand

The effects on other agents are identified and the entire model is run again, considering the new effects in order to identify new agents that may be giving negative signals and again notice how do they affect their counterparts. Once the model identifies all the counterparties that may be affected by the cause of the initially identified agents, the total of the potential debt, the total of the possible affected demand and a map of the identified domino effect are calculated.

[GWh-month]

## Domino effect



## Domino Effect in the Wholesale Market







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## User payment behavior during the critical months of COVID

Follow-up and monitoring of Superintendence of Public and Residential Services - SSPD to assess the level of payments of end users and its evolution, to assess the measures implemented and assess the need for new actions.

Month (2020)	Payout percentage (Users)	
February	96%	
March	85%	
April	79%	
May	94%	
June	82%	
July	90%	

# Results of the model before and after the crisis period

There are not significant changes in the financial risk level for the Wholesale Energy Market

High Risk	Medium Risk	Moderate Risk	Low Risk
0.8%	-5.7%	16.7%	-5.9%

<sup>\* 120</sup> participants evaluated in 2020 and 113 participants evaluated in 2019

## Payout level in the Wholesale Energy Market

There was a high level of payments and the impact on the market was not as great as expected, there were no outages to users, there was no impact on the companies participating in the sector and the debts that left the market during 2020 was only 0.003% of the managed amounts.

Month (2020)	Payout percentage (WEM)
January	100%
February	100%
March	100%
April	99%
May	99%
June	99%
July	100%
August	100%
September	100%
October	100%
November	100%
December	100%

Five (5) retailers were withdrawn from the Wholesale Energy Market, two (2) already presented negative signals in the market before COVID and the other three (3) were agents who had not traded in the market for a year.

## Conclusion

- The Colombian electricity sector has strengths and good practices that have allowed it to face the emergency of COVID-19, using practices such as continuity plans, risk management, technological infrastructure and its resilience.
- The actions that have been implemented have worked, and it shows us that proactive actions reduce the impact of these scenarios. These actions have been implemented from the regulation and in the internal processes of the companies.
- There is no doubt that this situation brings with it important challenges and opportunities for the market in all areas, such as better preparation to face crises by anticipation, monitoring, systemic risk analysis and extreme scenarios.
- The pandemic left a very positive impact for the sector in terms of digital transformation, a challenge that was being worked on and whose progress was accelerated by the crisis, reducing time to achieve the sector's objectives in this regard.
- There were no significant impacts on the financial sustainability of the Wholesale Energy Market after the crisis, and it was possible to guarantee the supply of energy to all users in the country.